# **STARTING & CHARGING SYSTEMS**

# SECTION SC

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# Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER" used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. The SRS system composition which is available to NISSAN MODEL A33 is as follows (The composition varies according to the destination and optional equipment.):

- For a frontal collision
  - The Supplemental Restraint System consists of driver air bag module (located in the center of the steering wheel), front passenger air bag module (located on the instrument panel on passenger side), seat belt pre-tensioners, a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable.
- For a side collision
  - The Supplemental Restraint System consists of front side air bag module (located in the outer side of front seat), satellite sensor, diagnosis sensor unit (one of components of air bags for a frontal collision), wiring harness, warning lamp (one of components of air bags for a frontal collision).

Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the RS section of this Service Manual.

#### **WARNING:**

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance should be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the RS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified with yellow harness connector (and with yellow harness protector or yellow insulation tape before the harness connectors).

#### Wiring Diagrams and Trouble Diagnosis

NFSC0002

When you read wiring diagrams, refer to the following:

- Refer to GI-11. "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS"
- Refer to EL-9, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING" for power distribution circuit

When you perform trouble diagnosis, refer to the following:

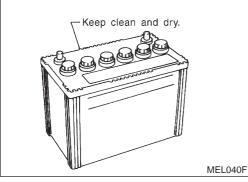
- Refer to GI-32, "HOW TO FOLLOW TEST GROUP IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"
- Refer to GI-21, "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT"

#### **How to Handle Battery**

#### **CAUTION:**

If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables,

- 1) Use a 12-volt booster battery.
- 2) After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.
- 3) Never add distilled water through the hole used to check specific gravity.



Remove negative

terminal.

#### METHODS OF PREVENTING OVER-DISCHARGE

NFSC0003S01

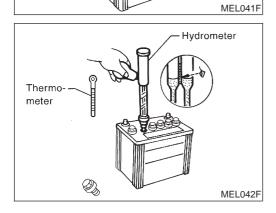
NFSC0003

The following precautions must be taken to prevent over-discharging a battery.

- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and dry.
- The terminal connections should be clean and tight.
- At every routine maintenance, check the electrolyte level.
   This also applies to batteries designated as "low maintenance" and "maintenance-free".



 When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal.



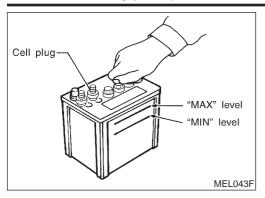
 Check the charge condition of the battery.
 Periodically check the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Keep a close check on charge condition to prevent over-discharge.

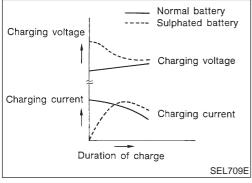
#### CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

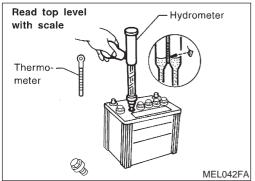
NESC0003S0

#### **WARNING:**

Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If acid contacts eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.







- Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.

#### Sulphation

NFSC0003S0201

A battery will be completely discharged if it is left unattended for a long time and the specific gravity will become less than 1.100. This may result in sulphation on the cell plates.

To determine if a battery has been "sulphated", note its voltage and current when charging it. As shown in the figure, less current and higher voltage are observed in the initial stage of charging sulphated batteries.

A sulphated battery may sometimes be brought back into service by means of a long, slow charge, 12 hours or more, followed by a battery capacity test.

#### SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

NFSC0003S0

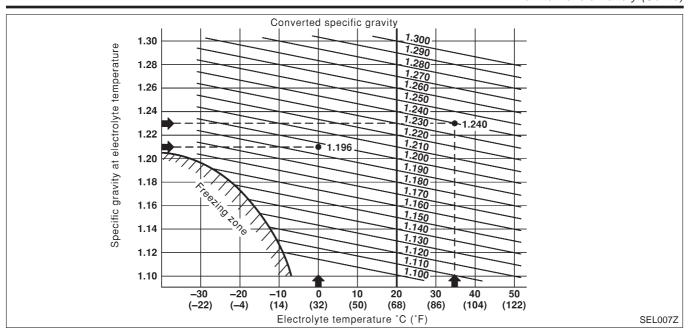
1. Read hydrometer and thermometer indications at eye level.

2. Convert into specific gravity at 20°C (68°F).

#### Example:

- When electrolyte temperature is 35°C (95°F) and specific gravity of electrolyte is 1.230, converted specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) is 1.240.
- When electrolyte temperature is 0°C (32°F) and specific gravity of electrolyte is 1.210, converted specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) is 1.196.

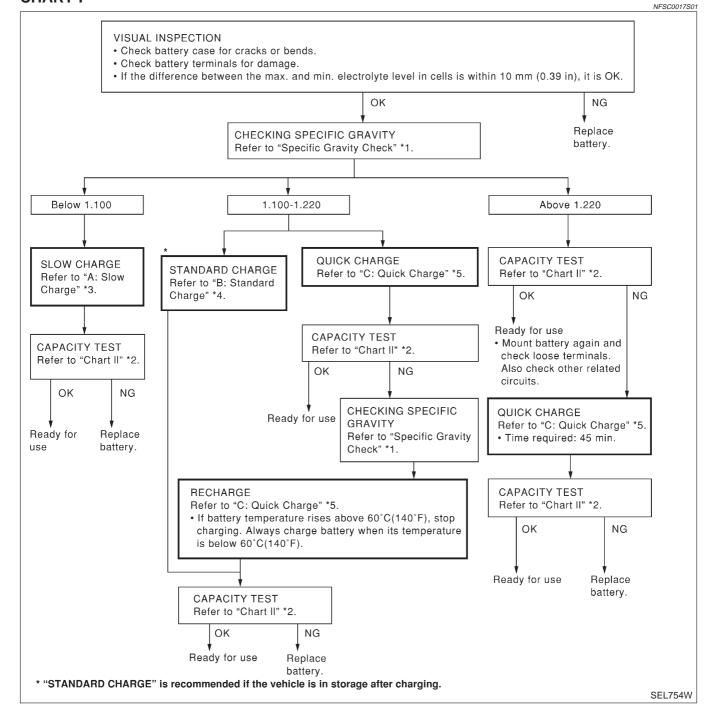
#### **BATTERY**



#### **Battery Test and Charging Chart**

NFSC0017

#### **CHART I**

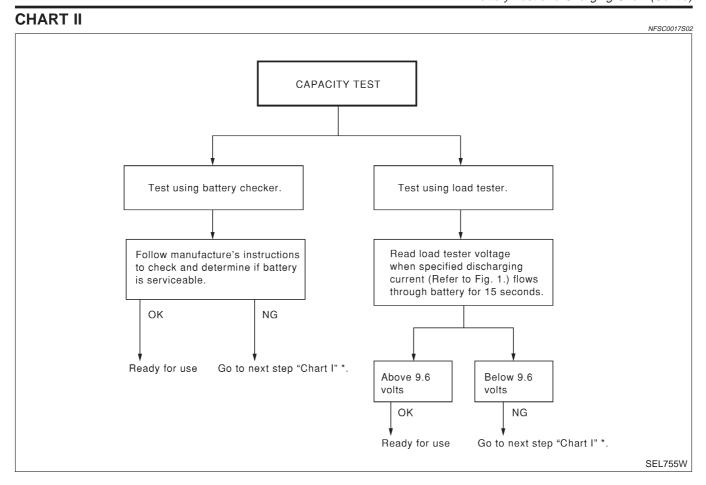


\*1: SC-4

\*3: SC-8

 \*5: SC-11

#### **BATTERY**



\*: SC-6

• Check battery type and determine the specified current using the following table.

Fig. 1 Discharging Current (Load Tester)

NFSC0017S0201

	14. 66601766201
Туре	Current (A)
	90
34B19R(L)	99
46B24R(L)	135
55B24R(L)	135
50D23R(L)	150
55D23R(L)	180
65D26R(L)	195
80D26R(L)	195
75D31R(L)	210
95D31R(L)	240
115D31R(L)	240
95E41R(L)	300
130E41R(L)	330

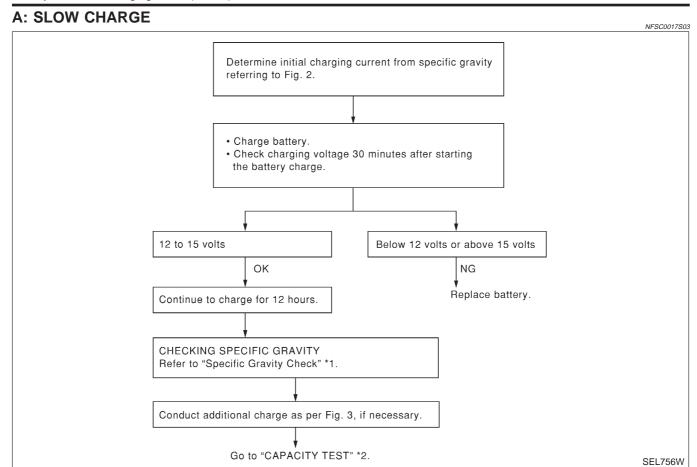
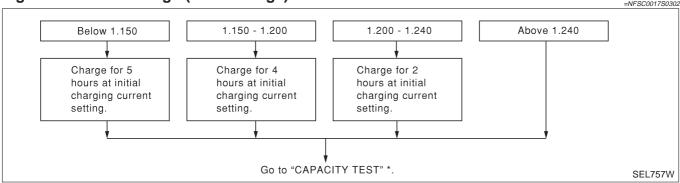


Fig. 2 Initial Charging Current Setting (Slow Charge)

NFSC0017S0301 **BATTERY TYPE** 130E41R(L) 5D31R(L) 28B19R(L) 34B19R(L) 46B24R(L) 55B24R(L) 55D23R(L) CON-VERTED SPE-50D23R(L) 65D26R(L) 80D26R(L) 75D31R(L) 95D31R(L) 95E41R(L) CIFIC GRAVITY 9.0 14.0 5.0 (A) 7.0 (A) Below 1.100 8.0 (A) 10.0 (A) 4.0 (A) (A) (A)

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above.
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.

#### Fig. 3 Additional Charge (Slow Charge)



\*: SC-7

#### **CAUTION:**

- Set charging current to value specified in Fig. 2. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).

#### **B: STANDARD CHARGE**

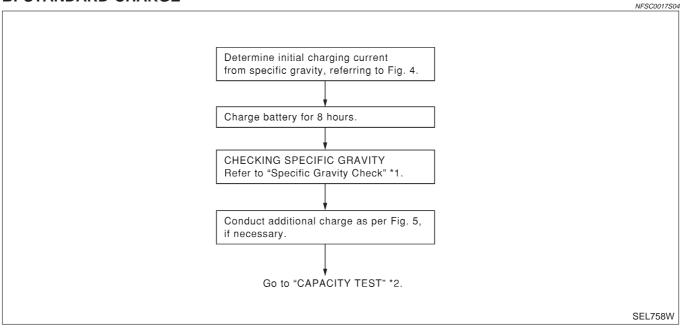
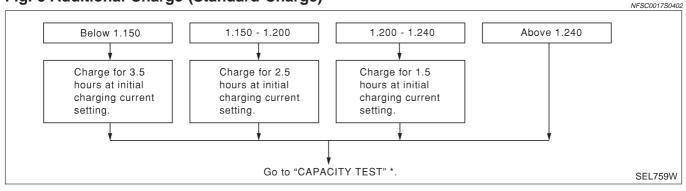


Fig. 4 Initial Charging Current Setting (Standard Charge)

	NFSC0017S0401												
		BATTERY TYPE											
CON-VERTED SPE- CIFIC GRAVITY	28B19R(L)	34B19R(L)	46B24R(L)	55B24R(L)	50D23R(L)	55D23R(L)	65D26R(L)	80D26R(L)	75D31R(L)	95D31R(L)	115D31R(L)	95E41R(L)	130E41R(L)
1.100 - 1.130	4.0	(A)	5.0	(A)	6.0	(A)	7.0	(A)	8.0 (A)		9.0 (A)		13.0 (A)
1.130 - 1.160	3.0	(A)	4.0	(A)	5.0	(A)	6.0	(A)	7.0 (A)		8.0 (A)		11.0 (A)
1.160 - 1.190	2.0	(A)	3.0	(A)	4.0	(A)	5.0	(A)	6.0 (A)		7.0 (A)		9.0 (A)
1.190 - 1.220	2.0	(A)	2.0	(A)	3.0	(A)	4.0	(A)	5.0 (A)		5.0 (A)		7.0 (A)

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above.
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.

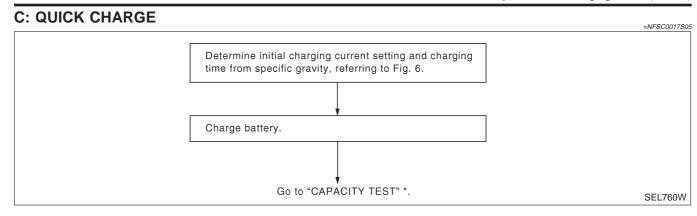
Fig. 5 Additional Charge (Standard Charge)



\*: SC-7

#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not use standard charge method on a battery whose specific gravity is less than 1.100.
- Set charging current to value specified in Fig. 4. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).



\*: SC-7

Fig. 6 Initial Charging Current Setting and Charging Time (Quick Charge)

rig. o	rig. 6 illitial Charging Current Setting and Charging Time (Quick Charge)													
BAT	TERY TYPE	28B19R(L)	34B19R(L)	46B24R(L)	55B24R(L)	50D23R(L)	55D23R(L)	65D26R(L)	80D26R(L)	75D31R(L)	95D31R(L)	115D31R(L)	95E41R(L)	130E41R(L)
CURRE	ENT [A]	10	(A)		15 (A)			20 (A)			30	(A)		40 (A)
AVITY	1.100 - 1.130		2.5 hours											
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.130 - 1.160		2.0 hours											
	1.160 - 1.190		1.5 hours											
CONVERTED	1.190 - 1.220	1.0 hours												
CONV	Above 1.220		0.75 hours (45 min.)											

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above.
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not use quick charge method on a battery whose specific gravity is less than 1.100.
- Set initial charging current to value specified in Fig. 6. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- Be careful of a rise in battery temperature because a large current flow is required during quickcharge operation.
  - If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).
- Do not exceed the charging time specified in Fig. 6, because charging battery over the charging time can cause deterioration of the battery.

#### **System Description**

#### M/T MODELS

NFSC0004S01

Power is supplied at all times

- to ignition switch terminal 1
- through 40A fusible link (letter C, located in the fuse and fusible link box) and

With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied

- from ignition switch terminal 5
- through theft warning relay terminals 3 and 4
- to starter motor harness connector terminal 2.

The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and starter motor. The starter motor is grounded to the engine block. With power and ground supplied, cranking occurs and the engine starts.

A/T MODELS

Power is supplied at all times

- to ignition switch terminal 1
- through 40A fusible link (letter C, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied through 15A fuse [No. 20, located in the fuse block (J/B)]

to park/neutral position relay terminal 1.

Also, with the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied

- from ignition switch terminal 5
- to park/neutral position relay terminal 6.

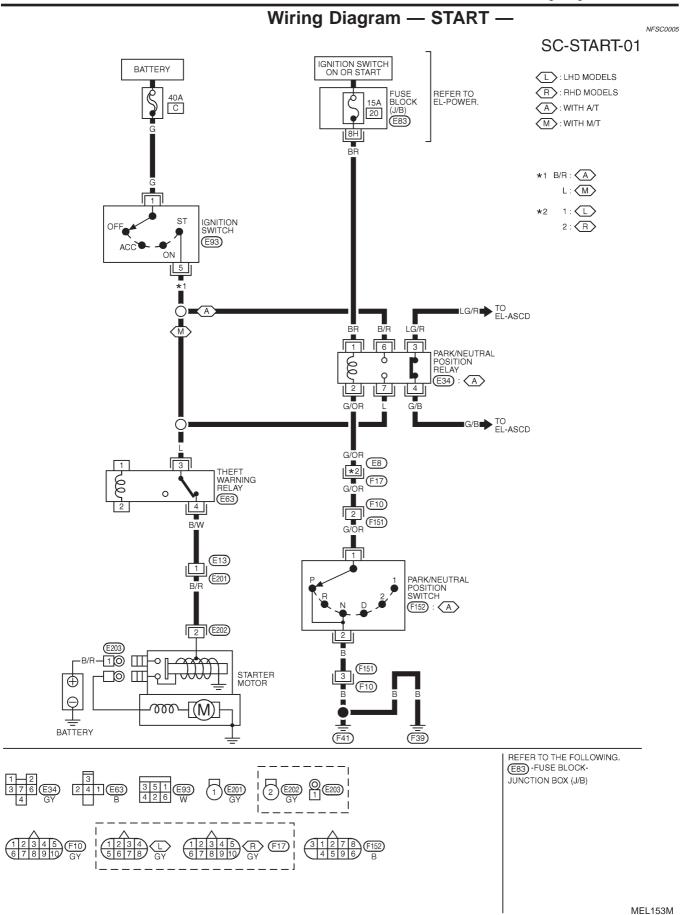
With the selector lever in the P or N position, ground is supplied

- to park/neutral position relay terminal 2 through the park/neutral position switch
- from body grounds, F39 and F41.

Then park/neutral position relay is energized and power is supplied

- from park/neutral position relay terminal 7
- through theft warning relay terminals 3 and 4
- to starter motor harness connector terminal 2.

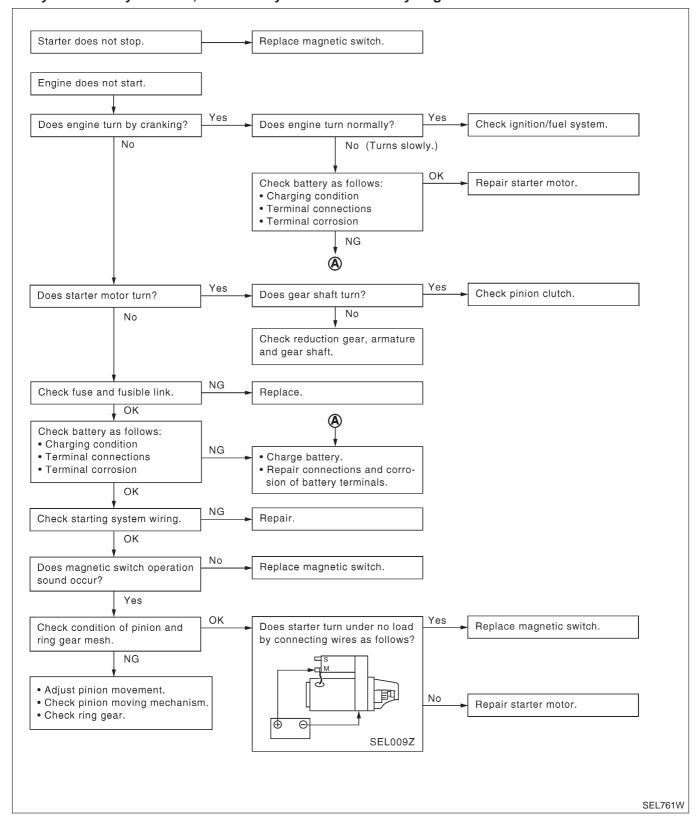
The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and starter motor. The starter motor is grounded to the engine block. With power and ground supplied, cranking occurs and the engine starts.



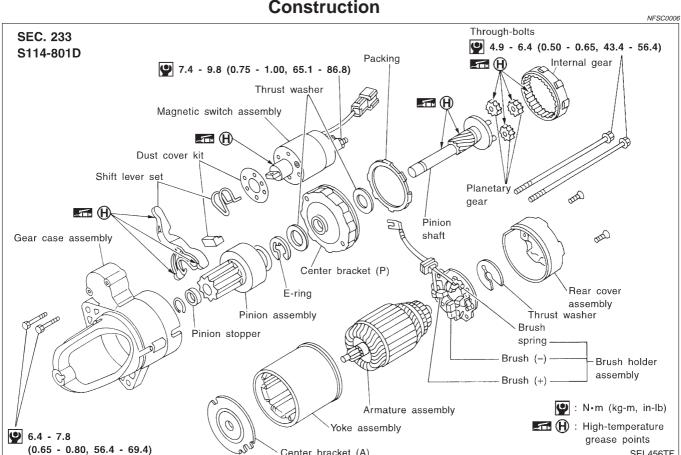
#### **Trouble Diagnoses**

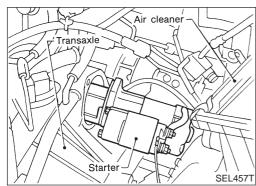
If any abnormality is found, immediately disconnect battery negative terminal.

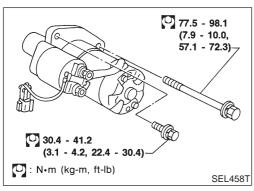
NFSC0018



#### Construction







#### Removal and Installation **REMOVAL**

NFSC0007 NFSC0007S01

SEL456TF

1. Remove air duct assembly.

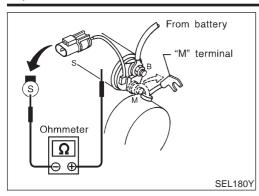
- 2. Remove harness protector from engine room harness.
- 3. Disconnect starter harness.
- 4. Remove starter bolts (two).
- 5. Remove starter.

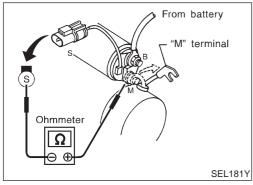
Center bracket (A)

#### **INSTALLATION**

NFSC0007S02

To install, reverse the removal procedure.





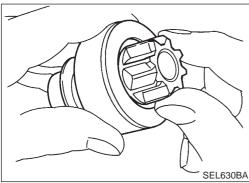


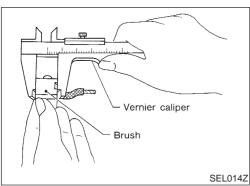
#### **MAGNETIC SWITCH CHECK**

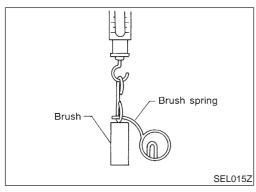
NFSC0019

NFSC0019S01

- Before starting to check, disconnect battery ground cable.
- Disconnect "M" terminal of starter motor.
- 1. Continuity test (between "S" terminal and switch body).
- No continuity ... Replace.
- 2. Continuity test (between "S" terminal and "M" terminal).
- No continuity ... Replace.







#### PINION/CLUTCH CHECK

NFSC0019S02

- Inspect pinion teeth.
- Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of ring gear teeth.)
- 2. Inspect reduction gear teeth (If equipped).
- Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)
- 3. Check to see if pinion locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.
- If it locks or rotates in both directions, or unusual resistance is evident. ... Replace.

#### **BRUSH CHECK**

#### **Brush**

NFSC0019S0

NFSC0019S0301

Check wear of brush.

Wear limit length:

Refer to SDS (SC-25).

Excessive wear ... Replace.

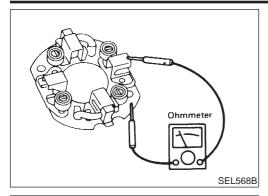
#### **Brush Spring Check**

NFSC0019S0302

Check brush spring pressure with brush spring detached from brush.

Spring pressure (with new brush): Refer to SDS (SC-25).

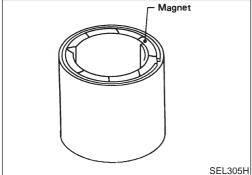
Not within the specified values ... Replace.



#### **Brush Holder**

NESC00195030:

- 1. Perform insulation test between brush holder (positive side) and its base (negative side).
- Continuity exists. ... Replace.
- 2. Check brush to see if it moves smoothly.
- If brush holder is bent, replace it; if sliding surface is dirty, clean.



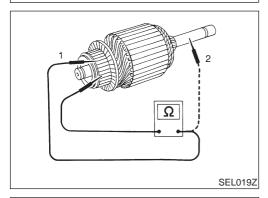
#### YOKE CHECK

NFSC0019S04

Magnet is secured to yoke by bonding agent. Check magnet to see that it is secured to yoke and for any cracks. Replace malfunctioning parts as an assembly.

#### **CAUTION:**

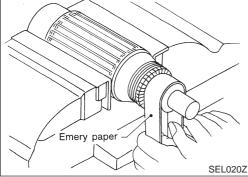
Do not clamp yoke in a vice or strike it with a hammer.



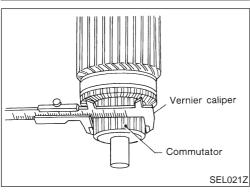
#### ARMATURE CHECK

NFSC0019S05

- 1. Continuity test (between two segments side by side).
- No continuity ... Replace.
- 2. Insulation test (between each commutator bar and shaft).
- Continuity exists. ... Replace.



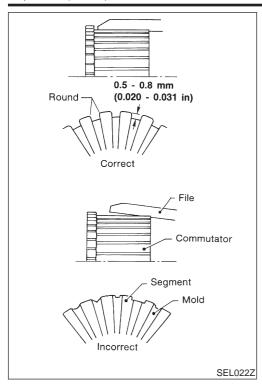
- 3. Check commutator surface.
- Rough ... Sand lightly with No. 500 600 emery paper.



Check diameter of commutator.

Commutator minimum diameter: Refer to SDS (SC-25).

Less than specified value ... Replace.



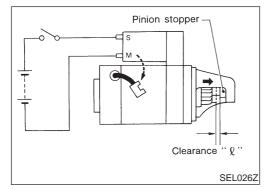
- 5. Check depth of insulating mold from commutator surface.
- Less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in) ... Undercut to 0.5 to 0.8 mm (0.020 to 0.031 in)

#### **Assembly**

NESCOO

Apply high-temperature grease to lubricate the bearing, gears and frictional surface when assembling the starter.

Carefully observe the following instructions.



# Adjusting plate Plate thickness Refer to "Construction".

# PINION PROTRUSION LENGTH ADJUSTMENT Clearance

NFSC0020S01

With pinion driven out by magnetic switch, push pinion back to remove slack and measure clearance " $\ell$ " between the front edge of the pinion and the pinion stopper.

Clearance " $\ell$ ": Refer to SDS (SC-25).

• Not in the specified value ... Adjust by adjusting plate.

#### **System Description**

VECCOOO

The alternator provides DC voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical system and to keep the battery charged. The voltage output is controlled by the IC regulator.

Power is supplied at all times to alternator terminal 3 (S) through:

- 120A fusible link (letter A, located in the fuse and fusible link box), and
- 10A fuse (No. 70, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

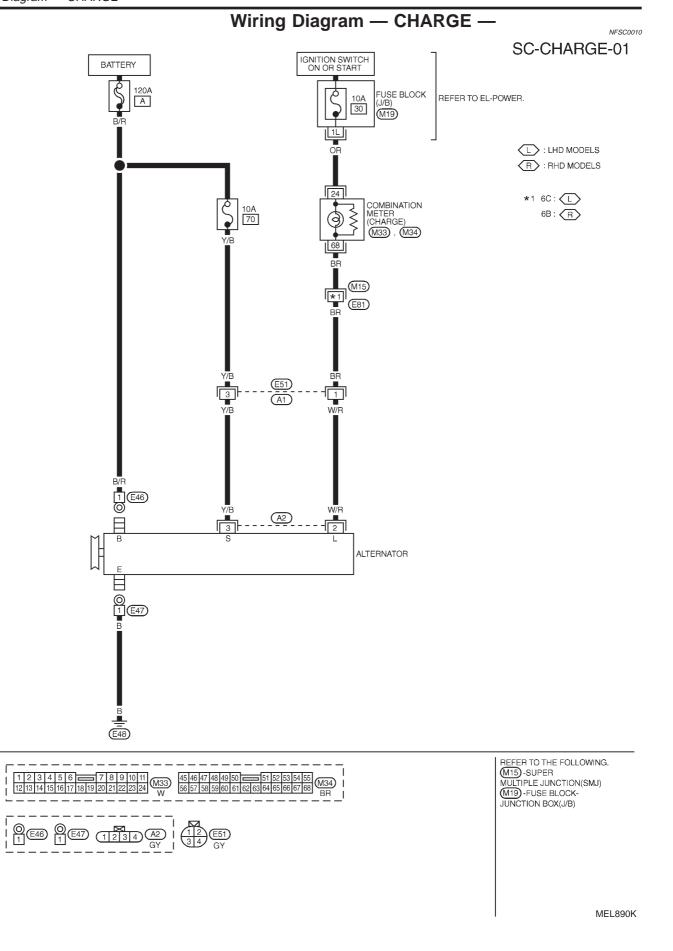
Terminal B supplies power to charge the battery and operate the vehicle's electrical system. Output voltage is controlled by the IC regulator at terminal 3 (S) detecting the input voltage. The charging circuit is protected by the 120A fusible link.

The alternator is grounded to the engine block.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 30, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to combination meter terminal 24 for the charge warning lamp.

Ground is supplied to terminal 68 of the combination meter through terminal 2 (L) of the alternator. With power and ground supplied, the charge warning lamp will illuminate. When the alternator is providing sufficient voltage with the engine running, the ground is opened and the charge warning lamp will go off. If the charge warning lamp illuminates with the engine running, a fault is indicated.



#### **Trouble Diagnoses**

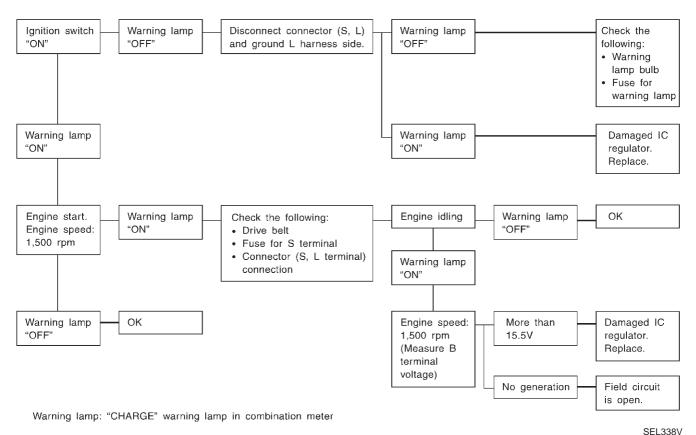
IECC0044

Before conducting an alternator test, make sure that the battery is fully charged. A 30-volt voltmeter and suitable test probes are necessary for the test. The alternator can be checked easily by referring to the Inspection Table.

- Before starting, inspect the fusible link.
- Use fully charged battery.

#### WITH IC REGULATOR

NFSC0011S01



#### NOTE:

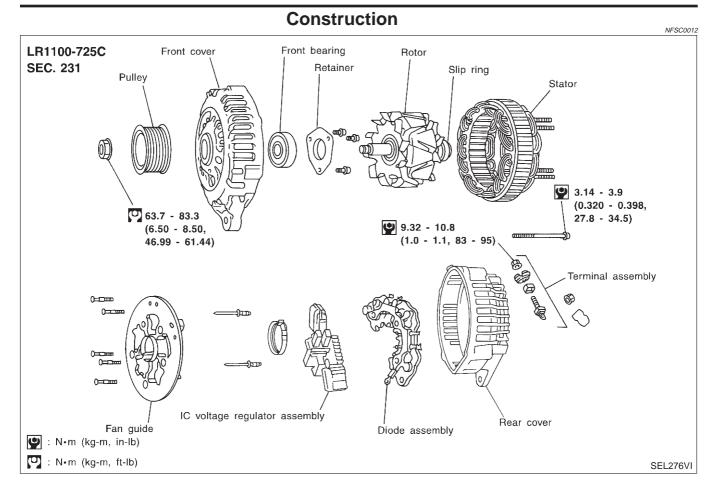
- If the inspection result is OK even though the charging system is malfunctioning, check the B terminal connection. (Check the tightening torque.)
- When field circuit is open, check condition of rotor coil, rotor slip ring and brush. If necessary, replace faulty parts with new ones.

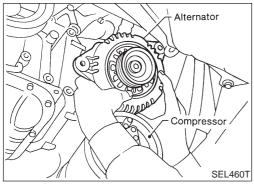
#### **MALFUNCTION INDICATOR**

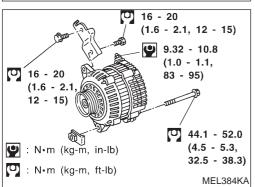
VESC0011502

The IC regulator warning function activates to illuminate "CHARGE" warning lamp, if any of the following symptoms occur while alternator is operating:

- Excessive voltage is produced.
- No voltage is produced.







# Removal and Installation REMOVAL

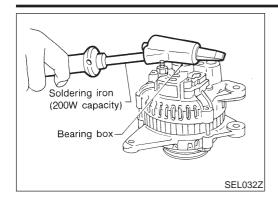
NFSC0013 NFSC0013S01

- 1. Remove engine undercover RH.
- 2. Remove side inspection cover RH.
- 3. Loosen belt idler pulley.
- 4. Remove drive belt.
- 5. Remove A/C compressor mounting bolts (four).
- 6. Slide A/C compressor forward.
- 7. Disconnect alternator harness connector.
- 8. Remove alternator upper bolt and lower bolt.

#### **INSTALLATION**

NFSC0013S02

To install, reverse the removal procedure.



# Disassembly REAR COVER

NFSC0021

NFSC0021S01

#### **CAUTION:**

Rear cover may be hard to remove because a ring is used to lock outer race of rear bearing. To facilitate removal of rear cover, heat just bearing box section with a 200W soldering iron.

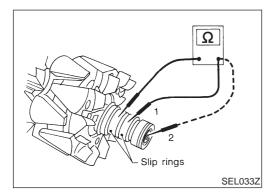
Do not use a heat gun, as it can damage diode assembly.

#### REAR BEARING

NFSC0021S02

#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not reuse rear bearing after removal. Replace with a new one.
- Do not lubricate rear bearing outer race.



# Inspection ROTOR CHECK

NFSC0022

NFSC0022S01

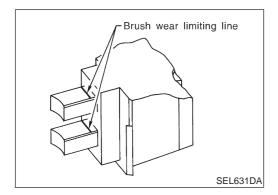
Resistance test

Resistance: Refer to SDS (SC-25).

- Not within the specified values ... Replace rotor.
- 2. Insulator test
- Continuity exists ... Replace rotor.
- 3. Check slip ring for wear.

Slip ring minimum outer diameter: Refer to SDS (SC-25).

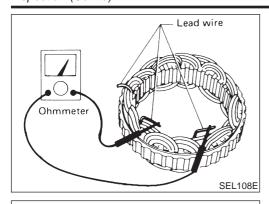
• Not within the specified values ... Replace rotor.



#### **BRUSH CHECK**

NFSC0022S02

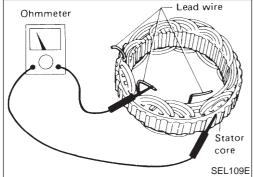
- Check smooth movement of brush.
- Not smooth ... Check brush holder and clean.
- 2. Check brush for wear.
- Replace brush if it is worn down to the limit line.



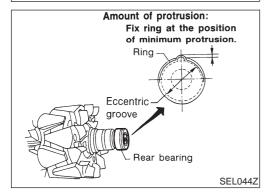
#### STATOR CHECK

NFSC0022S03

- Continuity test
- No continuity ... Replace stator.



- Ground test
- Continuity exists ... Replace stator.



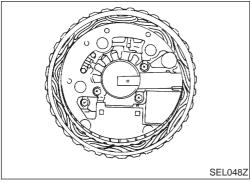
#### **Assembly**

#### RING FITTING IN REAR BEARING

Fix ring into groove in rear bearing so that it is as close to the adjacent area as possible.

#### **CAUTION:**

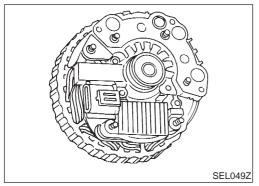
Do not reuse rear bearing after removal.



#### **REAR COVER INSTALLATION**

- Fit brush assembly, diode assembly, regulator assembly and
- 2. Push brushes up with fingers and install them to rotor.

Take care not to damage slip ring sliding surface.



### **SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)**

Battery

	Battery				NFSC0014
A solito dos a del	VQ20DE	VQ30DE			
Applied model	Europe and ex	For Europe			
Туре	55D23L	65D	26L	80D26L	
Capacity V-AH	12-48	12 -	· 52	12 - 55	

#### Starter

		NFSC0015			
		S114-801D			
Туре		HITACHI make			
		Reduction gear type			
System voltage		12V			
	Terminal voltage	11.0V			
No-load	Current	Less than 90A			
	Revolution	More than 2,700 rpm			
Minimum diameter o	f commutator	28.0 mm (1.102 in)			
Minimum length of b	rush	10.5 mm (0.413 in)			
Brush spring tension		12.7 - 17.7 N (1.3 - 1.8 kg, 2.9 - 4.0 lb)			
Clearance "ℓ" between	en pinion front edge and pinion stopper	0.3 - 2.5 mm (0.012 - 0.098 in)			

#### **Alternator**

NFSC0016

	W 350010
Туре	LR1100-725C
	HITACHI make
Nominal rating	12V-110A
Ground polarity	Negative
Minimum revolution under no-load (When 13.5V is applied)	Less than 950 rpm
Hot output current (When 13.5V is applied)	More than 33A/1,300 rpm More than 81A/2,500 rpm More than 93A/5,000 rpm
Regulated output voltage	14.1 - 14.7V
Minimum length of brush	More than 6.00 mm (0.2362 in)
Brush spring pressure	1.000 - 3.432 N (102 - 350 g, 3.60 - 12.34 oz)
Slip ring minimum outer diameter	More than 26.0 mm (1.024 in)
Rotor (Field coil) resistance	2.31Ω